

18 Help Index

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18.1 Study Runner

When users are entering data for testing or real world data collection, users will access OpenClinica via Study Runner. Study Runner is made up of many other pages such as the Participant Matrix, Queries Table, Data Review Tables, in addition to all Participant Details Pages and data. To access Study Runner the first step is to publish a study. Usually, studies will be published to **TEST** first. In addition to letting you use Study Runner features, publishing to **Test** generates OIDs that can be used for edit checks. To learn more about publishing to test and accessing study runner review section [5.1 Publishing Your Study](#). The following sections make up OpenClinica's Study Runner environment.

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18.1.1 Submit Data

18.1.1.1 Queries

The Queries page is the central point for reviewing all notes (queries, annotations, and reasons for change) entered within a study or site. You can sort and filter these notes by Query ID, Participant ID, Note Type, Resolution Status, Days Open, Assigned User, CRF, and more.

The screenshot shows the OpenClinica interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with 'OpenClinica' logo and links like 'Home', 'Participating Sites', 'Queries', 'Study Audit Log', and 'Tools'. Below this is a search bar and a 'Queries' tab. The main content area is titled 'Queries' and contains a 'Summary count by status (based on table filters)' table. Below this is a list of queries with columns: Query ID, Form Name, Site ID, Date, Resolution Status, Date Opened, Date Closed, Last Status, ID#, Date Closed, Date Added, Date Modified, Assigned User, and Actions.

Status	Count
New	45
Updated	12
Closed	3
Not Applicable	35
Closed Modified	9
Total	104

The following are definitions for the 3 types of notes found in Queries page:

Definitions:

- **Queries** are inquiries or alerts about potential incorrect or missing data. Each query has a workflow status to ensure it is reviewed and acted on.
- **Annotations** are notes on a Form that do not contain clinical data and are usually used for keeping track of user workflow.
- **Reasons for Change** are notes added by a user when modifying data on a form that has already been marked as Complete. They explain why there was a data change.

How are queries created?

Queries can be created manually by a user when entering data within a form or automatically by the system due to a pre-configured edit check within a form.

How do I close a query?

A data manager or monitor user can close a query when updating the query note within the form. This can be done by viewing the record as a whole or viewing only the query. If you are a Data Manager or Monitor you can find additional information about your role and queries below.

The Summary Table

The table shows the summary count by status. It includes a 'Queries' header and a 'Summary count by status (based on table filters)' table. The table has 6 rows, each with a numbered callout (1-6) in a red circle. The callouts point to the status names in the table.

Queries		
Summary count by status (based on table filters)		
1	New	45
2	Updated	12
3	Closed	3
4	Not Applicable	35
5	Closed Modified	9
6	Total	104

The summary table contains the types of query resolutions statuses and total of each resolution status shown in the Query table. These numbers reflect the breakdown of the total number of items on the current Queries table. Apply filters to the Queries table both the total number of rows and the Summary Table total will represent the filtered table view.

1: New - This status indicated that a query has been added by either a site user (e.g., a comment/annotation), data manager, or monitor, or was auto-generated by OpenClinica based on built-in edit checks. In the summary table this row represents the number of queries in the current

queries table view that have the resolution status of new.

2: Updated - This status indicated that either a site user, data manager, or monitor has added information to the query. In the summary table this row represents the number of queries in the current queries table view that have the resolution status of updated.

3: Closed - This status indicated that the query is considered resolved by the data manager or monitor. In the summary table this row represents the number of queries in the current queries table view that have the resolution status of closed.

4: Not Applicable - This resolution status is given to Annotations and Reasons for Change. In the summary table this row represents the number of Annotations and/or Reason for Change shown in the current queries table view. Their resolution status is always Not Applicable and they have N/A in the Query ID column .

5: Closed Modified - This resolution status means the data was changed after the query was closed.

6: Total - The total number of New, Updated, Closed, Not Applicable, and Closed Modified Resolutions Statuses within the current queries table. In other words the total number of queries, annotations , and reason for change shown in the current queries table view.

The Queries Table

The Queries table displays queries, annotations, and reasons for change. This table can be filtered to show only queries, only annotations, only reasons for change, and combinations of the 3 types. This table can also be printed or downloaded.

7	Query ID	Participant ID	Site ID	Type	Resolution Status	Days Open	Days Since Updated
8	42	005	t2	Query	New	0	0
9	43	005	t2	Query	Updated	0	0
10	44	005	t2	Query	Updated	0	0
11	45	005	t2	Query	New	0	0

7: The drop down box can be used to set the number of rows per page to 15, 25, 50, or 100 based on the total number of results in the queries table. If the number of rows per page is set to 50 and the total number of results in the table is 135, the green arrows can be used to move between pages of the queries table.

8: This row of the queries table shows the headers for each column. For example, the first column of this row shows the Query ID, this is a unique number that is assigned to any query when it is created. If the queries table is set to show only annotations or reasons for change this Query ID column will only contain N/A values. Other column headers are: ParticipantID, SiteID, Type, Resolution Status, Days Open, Days Since Updated, Event Name, CRF, Item Name, Item Value, Detailed Notes, Assigned User, Actions .

9: This row of the queries table is used to filter different columns based on information specific to the header for each column. You can change the view of the Queries screen to filter any column that includes a gray filter box.

Examples of filters:

Event Name	CRF	Item Name	Item ID	Detailed Notes	Assigned User	Actions
						Apply Filter Clear Filter
Screening	Vitals	Height	12	entered height is not a valid measurement	Betty Prager (apnager+dm)	
Screening	Test Panel CBC	RBC	9	Value is not within range. After reviewing, source, should be 5.9	Betty Prager (apnager+dm)	
Screening	Test Panel CBC	PLATELET_COUNT	40	is this a typo? Did you mean 100?	0	
Treatment	Vitals	wt	34	value does not match initially entered	0	

10: Details about each query, annotation, or reason for change are listed in the Detailed Notes column.

11: This column indicates if the query has been assigned to a user. In some cases the user is sent an email when a query is assigned to them. When there is no assigned user there will be no user name between the () parentheses.

12: Under the Actions column you can Apply and Clear Filters.

13: Under the Actions column any row below the filter row will have 2 actions. First the "View Query Within Record" action and second the "View Query Only" action.

Icon	View	Description
	View Query Only	This option displays a mini version of the form containing only the item in question along with its queries and item history. You can add a query note, reassign the query, and you have the option of emailing the assigned user. All users with access to queries can update the query; but only Data Managers and Monitors have access to close the query. This option does not allow changing the item value.
	View Query Within Record	This option displays the full form initially focused directly on the selected query. All users with access to queries can update the query, but only Data Managers and Monitors have access to close the query. The rest of the form is also available for review. This provides reviewers with more context when reviewing specific item data issues. Note that for users with permission to edit the record, the form will be opened in edit mode allowing any data value on the form to be updated.

You can click Show More at the top of the table to show more columns. The Show More text will then be replaced by Hide. If you click Hide the additional columns will be hidden from the table view and Show More will reappear.

Additional columns that will display when Show More is selected are:

Date Created

Date Updated

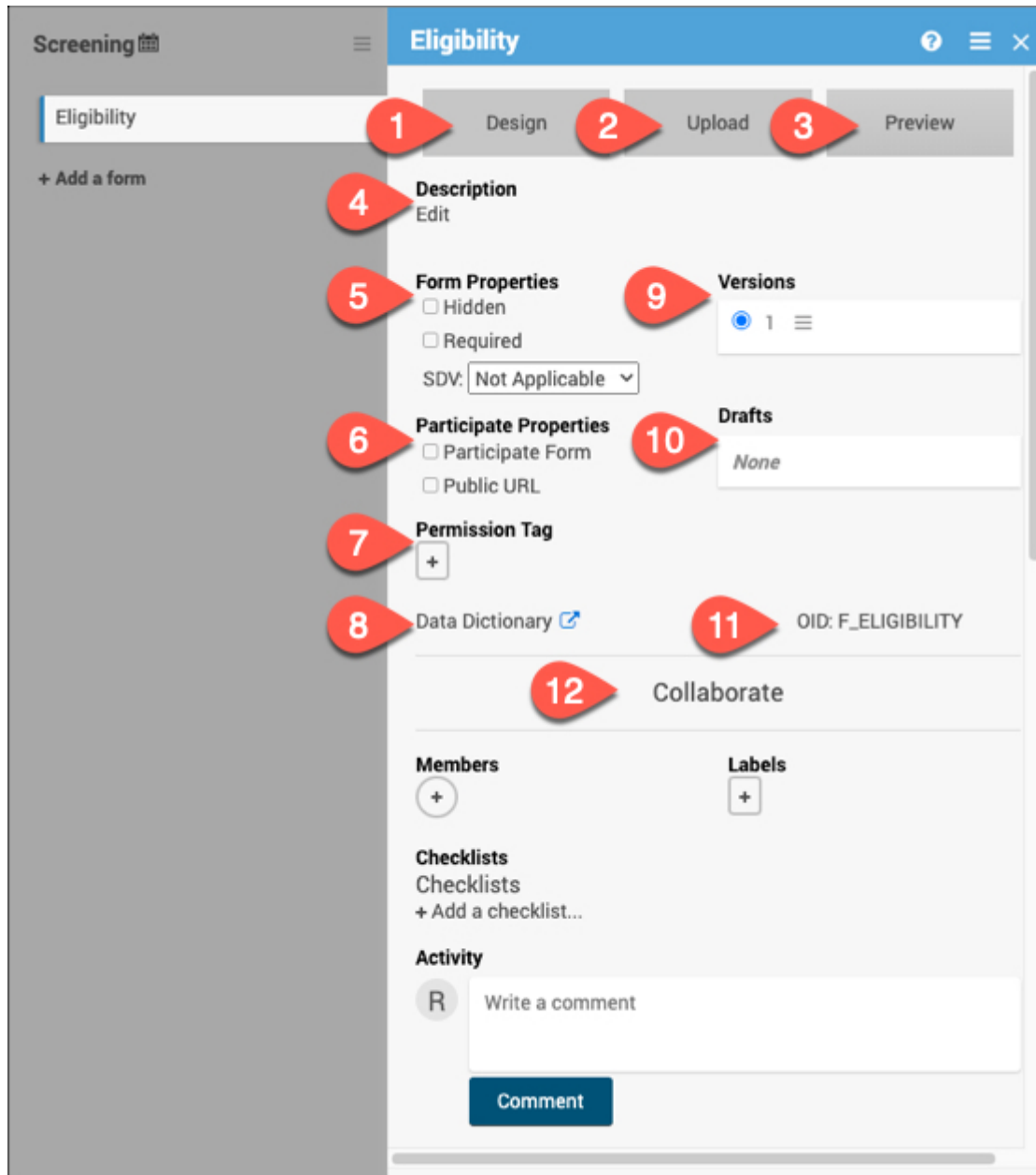
Event Date

CRF Status

Item Type

of Notes

Originator - This is where you can see if a user created the query or if it was auto generated by an edit check. If it was auto generated the Originator will be System.



1. Design

Click **Design** to use Form Designer to create or make changes to your form instead of or in addition to using the Form Template. [Using Form Designer](#)

2. Upload

Click **Upload** to use the Form Template to create or make changes to your form instead of or in addition to using Form Designer. [Using the Form Template](#)

3. Preview

Use **Preview** to preview the default version of the form for data entry. The button will change to *Preview (as a Participant)* if it is marked as a Participate form.

[OpenClinica Participate](#)

4. Description

Add, edit, or remove a brief description for the form.

5. Form Properties

Use the Form Properties section to mark a form as Hidden or Required. Here you can also set the SDV status for the form. [Form Properties Source Data Verification \(Monitor\) Source Data Verification \(Data Manager\)](#)

6. Participate Properties

*This section will only appear if the Participate module is activated for your study. Here, you can specify if the form is a Participate form (where participants will fill out the form), if it will have a Public URL, and if the form will be offline capable.

[Design Participate Forms](#)

7. Permission Tag

Use Permission Tags to determine which User Roles can access data from specific Forms in Study Runner. [Permission Tags User Access & Sharing](#)

8. Data Dictionary

The Data Dictionary gives you form-specific information including form metadata, form properties, and item metadata (such as Item OID, Item Group Name, Item Group OID, Item Type, and Insight Table). The Data Dictionary is available via a link on each form card in Study Designer and can be downloaded as a CSV file to view outside of Study Designer.

[Locating Object Identifiers in a Study](#)

9. Versions

This section displays all available versions of the form and indicates the default version. Click on the menu next to the version name to display all available actions for the version. [Publishing Your Study Publish History Form Migration](#)

10. Drafts

Drafts will display the pending version of the form. Click the menu to view all actions for the draft including saving the draft as a version.

11. OID

Quickly view the form OID to reference for different form functions. [Locating Object Identifiers in a Study](#)

12. Collaborate

The Collaborate section includes multiple features to facilitate collaboration with colleagues while building your study. [Members](#) [Labels](#) [Checklists](#) [Activity](#) [Comments](#)

Additional Resources for Form Cards

Designing Forms

Use this section to get started designing forms within your study, learn about events, and understand the basics with form templates.

[Design a Study](#)

[Events & Forms](#)

Logic and Functions

Use this section to go beyond the basics with your forms by using functions and logic. [Form Logic Functions](#)

Example Forms

Use this section to view sample CDISC CDASH-compliant eCRF templates that can be customized or imported as-is to the OpenClinica EDC platform.

[Form Library \(CDASH\)](#)